Long and short term strategies to improve claw health and to reduce lameness

Christer Bergsten, Professor in Swedish University of technological systems for animal production Agricultural Sciences Dept of Biosystem och Technology SLU PO Box 103, S-230 53 Alnarp Phone: +46 (0)40 415 475 Mobile: +46 (0)70 3993329 christer.bergsten@slu.se

JOGSKOLAN

SLU





15th EHRC Conference

"Maximising Profitability by Good Herd Management"

Hungary - Budapest, 17-20, 2017

Main Topics of the Conference

Feed efficiency Genomic selection as a Farm tool Managing healthy and long lasting cows Claw health Genetic variation within the herd Gene editing

THESE CLAWS ARE MADE FOR WALKING

BUT Conditions are rarely optimal in dairy production

Long and short term strategies to improve claw health and to reduce lameness





Dept. Biosystem och Technology, SLU Alnarp

TODAY'S CHALLENGES

OPTIMIZE ANIMAL WELFARE
MINIMIZE CLIMATE IMPACT
ECONOMY FOR THE FARMER

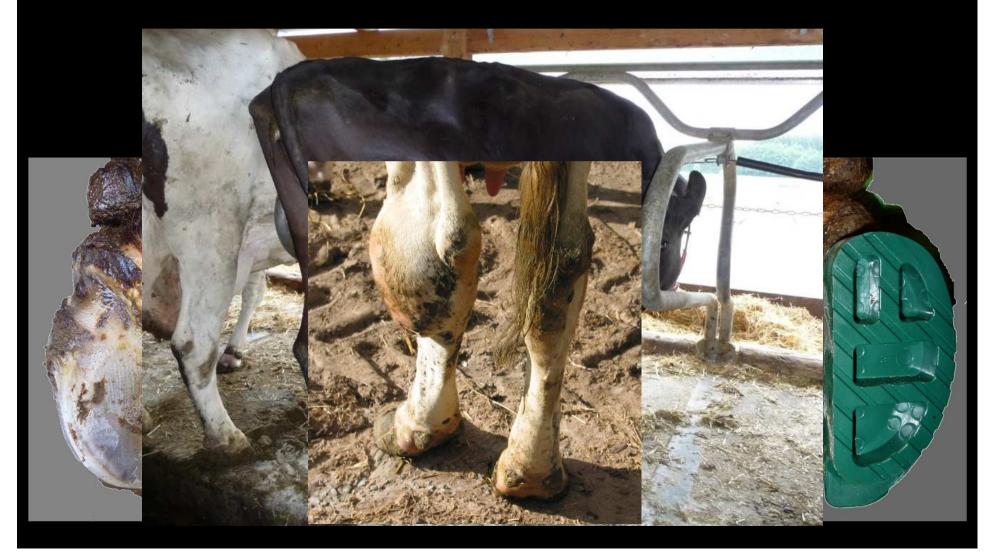
LOCOMOTION IS NECESSARY

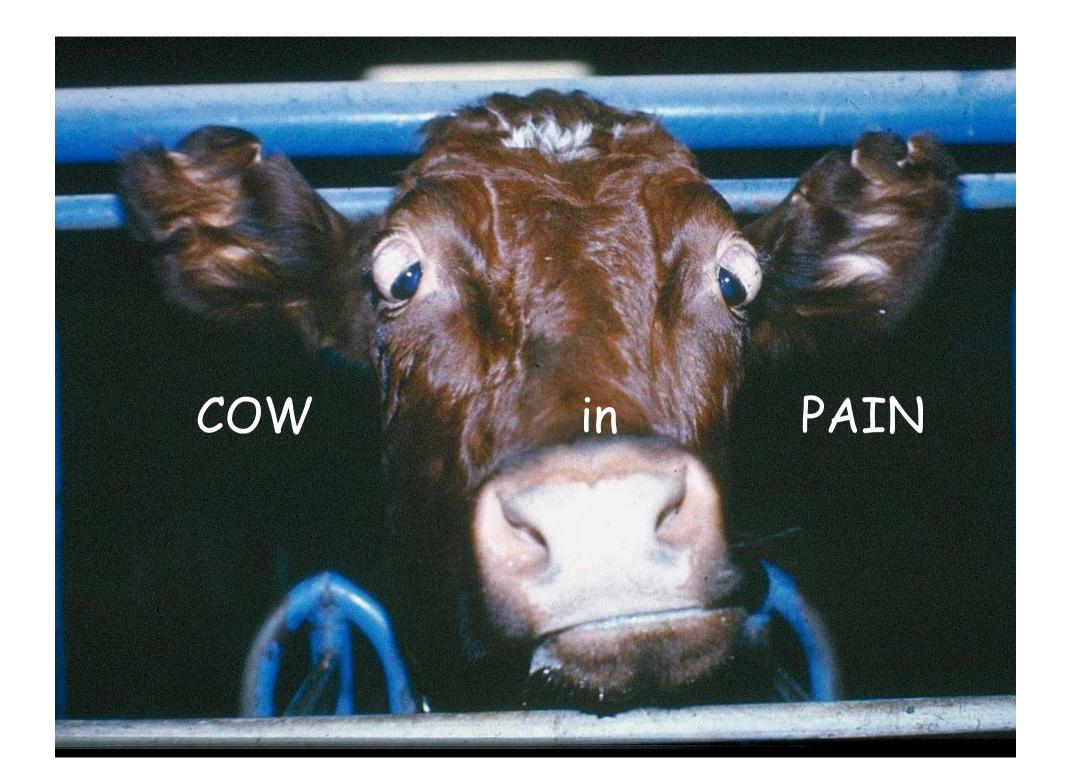
SIGNIFICANTLY IMPAIRED LOCOMOTION = LAMENESS

WORLD WIDE LAMENESS PROBLEMS



LAMENESS CAUSED BY CLAW AND LEG LESIONS







WHEN IS LAMESSESS APPARENT?

- Subjective lameness scoring
- Automatic detection
- Indirect indicators



SCOORING LAMENESS DOESN'T SOLVE ANY PROBLEMS UNLESS ACTIONS ARE TAKEN

> Claw lesions Leg lesions Treatment

Optimal flooring Optimal bedding Optimal hygiene Optimal nutrition Optimal genetics

Prevention

Possibilities to promote health

Manage-

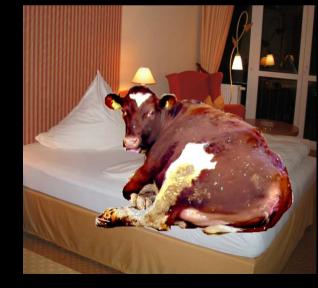
ment, Trim

Genetics

Cow Comfort



Diet

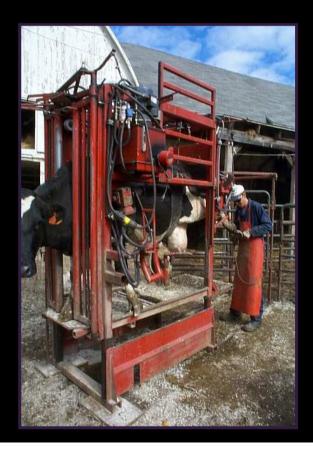


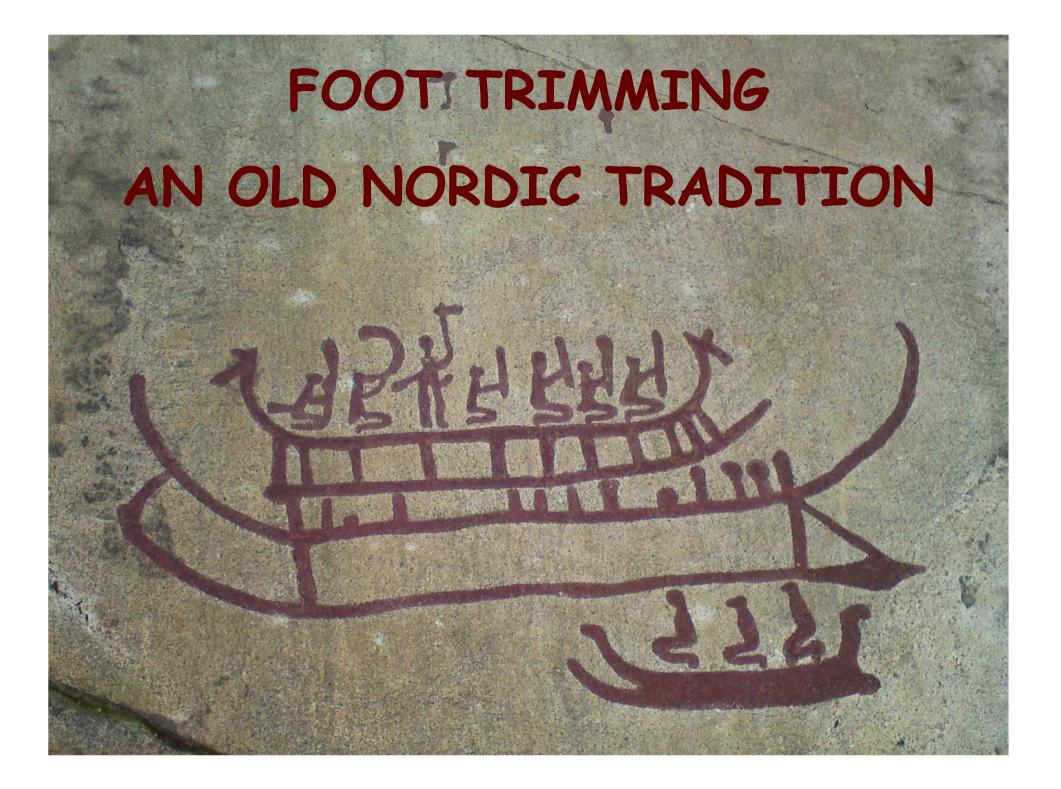
Action plan

- What is the problem?
- Which are the risk factors?
- What can I do in a short and long perspective?

Possibilities to promote health

Management





Swedish Veterinary Journal, 1896

Inadequate or neglected claw trimming

is a common cause of lameness.

The old, hard horn forms thick layers

that cause pressure on the sole

and result in inflammation

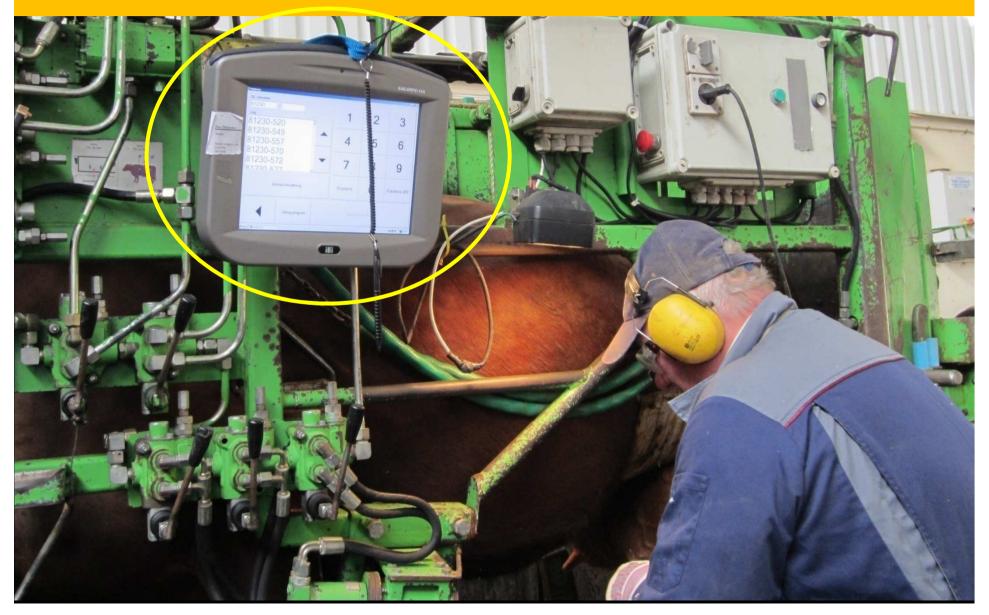
of the claw corium beneath

3 FOLD BENEFIT

Detection Treatment Prevention

Manske et al., 2002

RECOMMENDATION TO TRIM CLAWS TWICE YEARLY AND KEEPING RECORDS OF CLAW LESIONS





Claw health report 2016

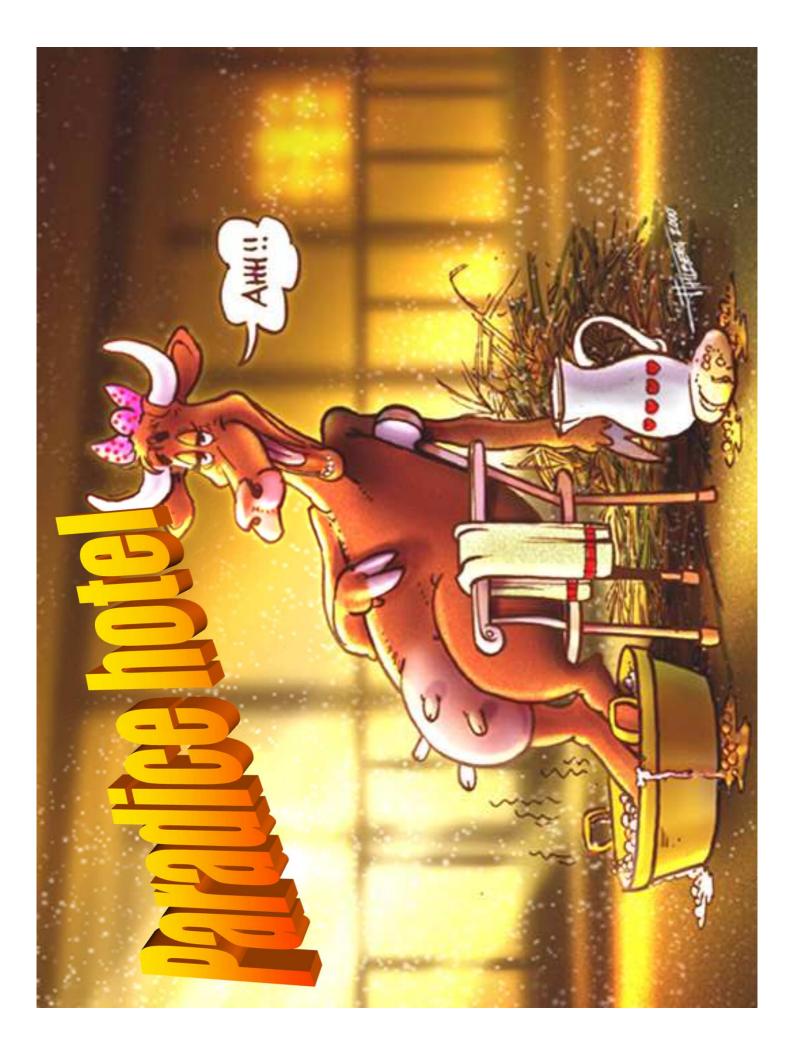
Vald period: 2016-01-01 - 2016-12-31

Medverkande Antal kontroll- besättningar besättningar			Medelkor/ besättning		Medverkande Klövvårdare		Besök/besättning 1ggr 2ggr 3ggr				Verkningar/kor 1ggr 2ggr 3ggr			Verkade Kvigor Köttdjur		
2 795	2 110		96		197		663	237	421	12156	4 137	317 27	735	2 866	2 428	
Record	S Antal		ок	%	Eksem	9	DD	%	4.6	Rōta	%	Blödning Sula + vita linjen	, l	Jlcer	%	
Första kalvare	115 745		77 928	67,3	6 452	5,6	5	355		10 910	9,4	17 832	15,4	4164		
Äldre kor	377 981		221 660	58,6	25 281	6,7	15	603	4.1	63 774	16,9	62 258	16,5	18341	<mark>4.9</mark>	
Samtliga	493 726		299 588	60,7	31 733	6,4	20	958	4.2	74 684	15,1	80 090	16,2	22505	4.6	
	170720										Fibroma			ı %		
	Böld vita linjen	%	Böld tå	%	Hålvägg	%		ubbel sula	%	Várta	%	•		öv-	%	
Första kalvare	221	0,2	77	0,1	1 376	1,2		404	1,2	229	0,2	1 876	1.6	365	0,3	
Äldre kor	1 886	0,5	290	0,1	10 825	2,9	9	193	2,4	593	0,2	16 849	4.	5 695	0,2	
Samtliga	2 107	0,4	367	0,1	12 201	2,5	10	597	2,1	822	0,2	18 725	3,		0,2	
KLÖVFORM	Asymmetrisk	%	Förvuxen	%	Korkskruv	%	Björ	nfot	%			Häjta	%	Benskada (has/knä)		
Första kalvare	3 073	2.7	25	0,0	1 617	1.4		24	0,0			432	0.4	340	0.3	
Äldre kor	18 006	4.8	203	0,1	7 611	2.0		183	0.0			2 216	0,6	1 065	0,3	
Samtliga	21 079	4,3	228	0,0	9 228	1,9		207	0,0			2 648	0,5	1 405	0,3	

Possibilities to promote health

Cow Comfort





SIMPLE MATHEMATICS OF EXPOSURE

Excessive standing and walking on harsh, abrasive FLOORS that the animals are not accustomed to, and under unhygienic

Foot lesions



<u>Excessive lying</u> on harsh, abrasive **BEDS** in an uncomfortable stall that does not allow change of position, and under unhygienic conditions



Leg injuries

Christer Bergsten © 2009

Grass is good for activity



Who want's to play on concrete?

Result: 80% preference for rubber flooring

Rubber mat,

type 1 or type 2

Concrete, grooved

Telezhenko et al. 2007

Result: 80% preference for rubber flooring



LAMENESS & LEG LESIONS in first calvers Concrete in relation to slatted rubber N=118 P_{LR} Odds/Ratio CI 95% 3,64 1,33 - 11,090,01 Lameness Sole haemorrhage 2,19 1,00-4,97 0,05 Sole ulcer White Line 2,82 1,28-6,43 0,01 haemorrhage 2,57 **Ulceration hock** 1,16 - 5,880,02

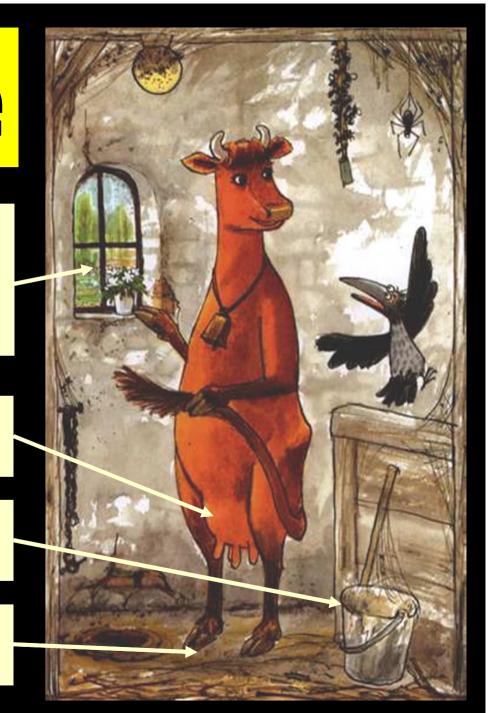
Bergsten et al. 2011

Hygiene Ammonium emission

Udder health

Milk quality

Claw health



Five Point Plan for Control of Digital Dermatitis

- 1. External biosecurity to keep disease out of farm
- 2. Internal biosecurity to minimise infection pressure on cows
- 3. Early identification, recording and treatment of clinical cases, in association with claw care
- 4. Frequent foot cleaning and disinfection to reduce new cases
- 5. Define and monitor claw health targets

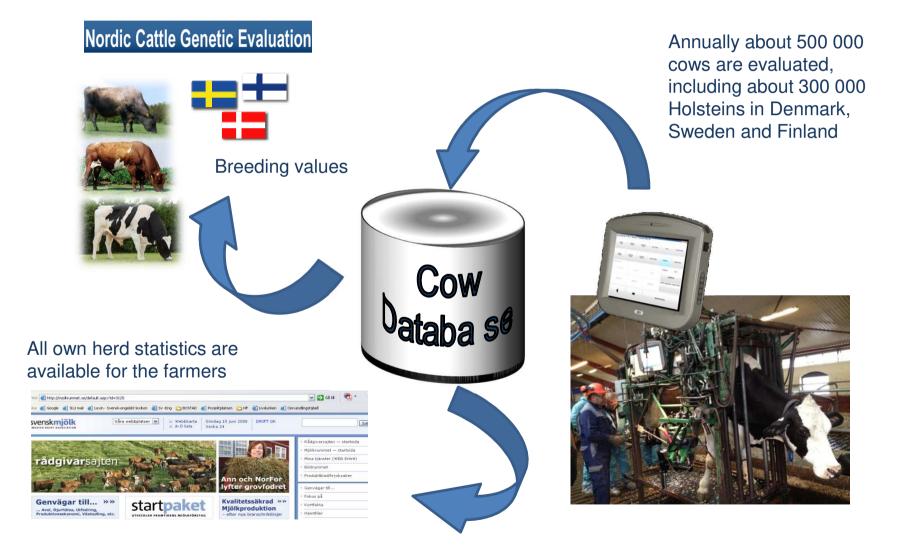


Possibilities to promote health

Genetics



The Nordic countries have the largest claw health database in the world



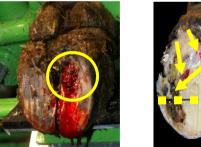
Claw health index — what is in it? Lesions and % of genetic progress in selection for claw health

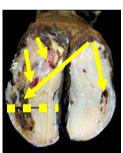
Claw horn disorders

- ✓ Sole Ulcer (90%)
- ✓ Sole Haemorrhages (83%)
- ✓ White Line Disease + Double Sole (78%)

Infectious skin and bulb disorders

- ✓ Heel Horn Erosion (62%)
- ✓ Digital / Interdigital Dermatitis (50%)
- ✓ ID fibroma + Warts (41%)



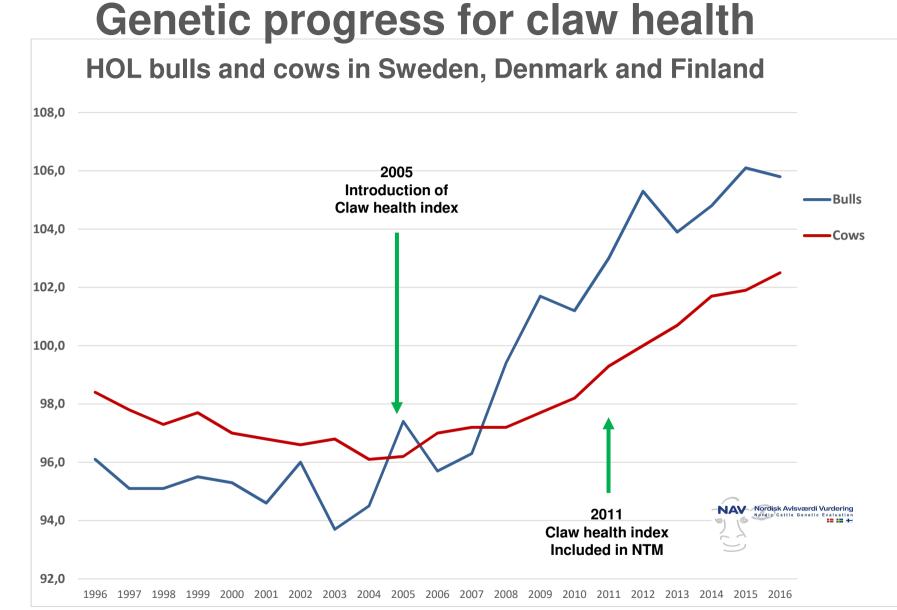




Abnormal shape

✓ Corkscrew Claw (57%)

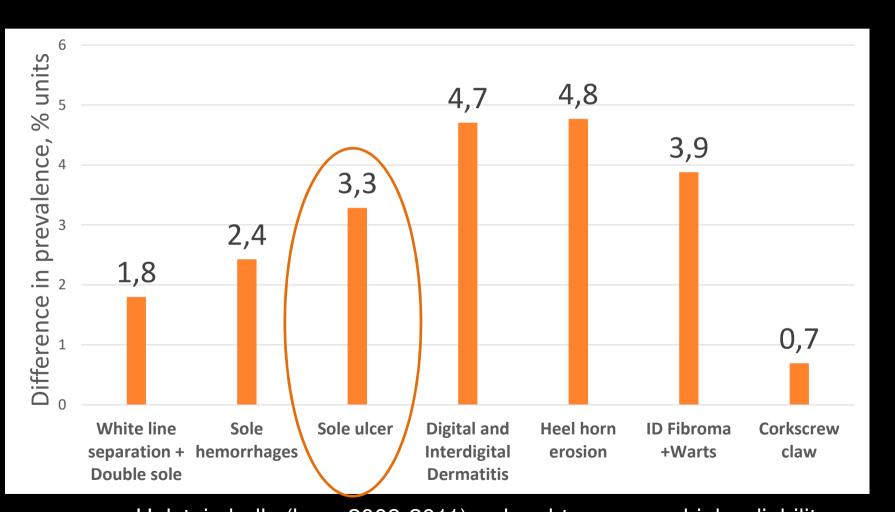




Breeding values of Claw health index

Year of birth of bull

Differences in expected prevalence (% units) of lesions between progeny of **top 100** and **bottom 100** bulls



Holstein bulls (born 2008-2011) - daughter proven, high reliability

Example Sole ulcer 5 % prevalence

Top 100 (average claw health EBV 117) Daughters average will be 3.3%

Bottom 100 (average claw health EBV 84) Daughters average will be 6.6%

Sole ulcer prevalence will be twice as high (100%) with a bottom bull compared with a top bull



CONCLUSIONS

Short and long term actions



Trimming and claw care, check list

- Management, biosecurity, feed
- Housing, new facilities or rebuild
- Breeding, selecting the best fit

